

Gammopathy

see also Immunofixation

General:

Gammopathy generally describes the occurrence of monoclonal immunoglobulins (monoclonal gammopathy, e.g. plasmocytoma, M. Waldenstroem, multiple myeloma); furthermore a monoclonal gammopathy of unclear significance (MGUS, benign monoclonal gammopathy, e.g. senile gammopathy) in approx. 3% of all 70 years old persons. Please note that there are increased immunoglobulins in blood in other conditions such as hepatocirrhosis, infections, especially AIDS, etc.

Indication: unclear bone disorders, exclusion of paraproteinemia

Material: serum, urine

TAT: 5-7 days*

Method: Protein electrophoresis, immunofixation

Ref.- range: see report

For complete list of laboratory test offered at Freiburg Medical Laboratory, please visit <http://www.fml-dubai.com/parameter-listings/>