



Amenorrhea

Primary amenorrhea (non-appearance of menstruation)

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| AGS (Adreno-Genital Syndrome) | increased: ACTH, 17-OH progesterone, testosterone, testosterone/SHBG ratio, DHEA-S |
| Testicul. feminization | increased: androstendione |
| Turner syndrome | increased: FSH, LH |
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Secondary amenorrhea (disturbance of initially normal menstruation)

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| Ovarial | increased: LH/FSH ratio, testosterone/SHBG ratio, DHEAS (levels up to approx. 450 µg/dl, e.g. Stein-Leventhal syndrome, polycystic ovary syndrome) with or without hirsutism |
| Suprarenal | increased: LH/FSH ratio, DHEAS (levels over 500 µg/dl) |
| Pregnancy! | |
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Cerebral amenorrhea (e.g. hypothalamic amenorrhea)

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| Increased: | prolactin (prolactinoma = adenoma of the pituitary gland) |
| Decreased: | LH, FSH (hypophyseal tumor, Sheehan syndrome = post partal ischemic necrosis of the anterior pituitary gland, encephalitis, brain trauma, brain tumor) |
| Hypothyroidism | increased: TSH, prolactin |

Screening tests: FSH, LH, prolactin, TSH, estradiol, testosterone, androstenedione, DHEA-S

For complete list of laboratory test offered at Freiburg Medical Laboratory, please visit
<http://www.fml-dubai.com/parameter-listings/>